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Anna

Date: 12/26/2012 (Accession #A1212270114)

Next Test Due: 6/26/2013

LabAssist™ Plasma Amino, Plasma Fatty Acid, Organics Report

Practitioner

Printed on Tuesday, January 8, 2013 for:

Anna

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Anna

Female / Age: 60 Client ID:555986644 (8322)

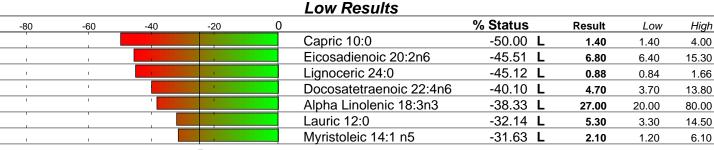
Basic Status High/Low - Plasma Amino Acids on 12/26/2012 Plasma Amino, Plasma Fatty Acid, Organics Date: 12/26/2012

Anna Salanti (2718) 503-977-2660

The % Status is the weighted deviation of the laboratory result.

					Low Results				
-80	-60	-40	-20	0		% Status	Result	Low	High
					Histidine	-62.28 L	50.00	57.00	114.00
i.					Glycine	-52.48 L	146.00	155.00	518.00
1		1	1		Aspartic Acid	-52.00 L	2.80	3.00	13.00
1	1	-	I		Threonine	-50.70 L	72.00	73.00	216.00
I	ļ		1		Asparagine	-44.92 L	34.00	31.00	90.00
					Glutamine	-44.64 L	399.00	372.00	876.00
i.	I				Methionine	-44.12 L	16.00	14.00	48.00
1	I.		1		Serine	-42.86 L	68.00	60.00	172.00
1	I.	- 1	I		Phenylalanine	-42.45 L	46.00	42.00	95.00
I	I	1	I		Proline	-41.29 L	122.00	99.00	363.00
					Arginine	-39.81 L	40.00	29.00	137.00
i.	I	1			Tyrosine	-36.11 L	48.00	38.00	110.00
1	L	ı I			Leucine	-34.43 L	93.00	74.00	196.00
1	I	I I	1		Isoleucine	-34.06 L	46.00	35.00	104.00
I	I	1	1		Lysine	-32.83 L	154.00	120.00	318.00
					Phosphoethanolamine	-30.00 L	1.40	0.00	7.00
1		1			Valine	-27.23 L	197.00	146.00	370.00
I.	I	I.	1		Cystine	-27.04 L	7.20	1.00	28.00
i.	I	1	1		Citrulline	-26.92 L	27.00	18.00	57.00
1	ļ	I			Alanine	-25.61 L	340.00	230.00	681.0
1					a-Aminoadipic Acid	-25.00 L	0.50	0.00	2.00
			-25%						
					High Results				
-100	-50	, Q	50	100		% Status	Result	Low	Higl

The % Status is the weighted deviation of the laboratory result.



-25%

High Results

-20	0	20	40	60		% Status	Result	Low	High
					Docosahexaenoic 22:6n3	56.49 H	223.00	59.00	213.00
		1		1	Palmitelaidic 16:1n7t	50.00 H	0.40	0.00	0.40
1		1		I	Nonadecanoic 19:0	49.33 H	1.49	0.00	1.50
I		1		1	Tricosanoic 23:0	35.48 H	0.53	0.00	0.62
1		1		I	Heptadecanoic 17:0	34.46 H	16.30	0.00	19.30
					Stearic 18:0	32.95 H	474.00	294.00	511.00
1				I	Pentadecanoic 15:0	28.62 H	11.40	0.00	14.50
1		1	1	I.	Dihomo-y Lino 20:3n6	27.94 H	87.00	34.00	102.00
I		1	1	T	Heneicosanoic 21:0	26.00 H	0.38	0.00	0.50
1			I	I	Hexacosanoic 26:0	25.00 H	0.27	0.00	0.36

25%

Anna Female / Age: 60

(2718)

The % Status is the weighted deviation of the laboratory result.

				Low Results				
-80	-60	-40	-20	0	% Status	Result	Low	High
				a-Ketoglutarate	-48.74 L	0.24	0.00	19.00
1	I.			Vanilmandelate	-40.48 L	2.00	1.80	3.90
1	1			Phenylpropionate	-36.25 L	0.05	0.00	0.40
1	I	i i		D-Lactate	-32.61 L	0.40	0.00	2.30
			-25%					

-50	0	50	100	150		% Status	Result	Low	High
					5-Hydroxyindoleacetate	401.43 H	17.90	2.10	5.60
I.			1		Orotate	296.38 H	2.39	0.00	0.69
I		1	T. C.	1	D-Arabinitol	288.89 H	122.00	0.00	36.0
T			l.	1	Phenylacetate	250.00 H	0.12	0.00	0.0
1					Succinate	180.17 H	26.70	0.00	11.6
					Hippurate	142.59 H	1144.00	0.00	594.0
I.				I.	Formiminoglutamic Acid	125.00 H	2.10	0.00	1.2
1		1	I.	I.	Indican	85.00 H	54.00	0.00	40.0
T			I	1	Malate	71.43 H	1.70	0.00	1.4
1			1	1	Sulfate	58.64 H	2467.00	958.00	2347.0
					a-Hydroxybutyrate	50.00 H	0.30	0.00	0.3
I.			I.	1	Citrate	46.70 H	583.00	56.00	601.0
1		I	I	1	Benzoate	45.00 H	0.57	0.00	0.6
1		1	I	1	Pyroglutamate	44.92 H	56.00	0.00	59.0
I			I	1	Quinolinate	42.50 H	3.70	0.00	4.0
					Hydroxymethylglutarate	41.67 H	3.30	0.00	3.6
I.		I	I	1	Fumarate	27.97 H	0.46	0.00	0.5
I			I	I.	8-Hydroxy-2-deoxyguan	27.36 H	4.10	0.00	5.3
T		I	I	1	Methylmalonate	26.47 H	1.30	0.00	1.7
1			1		Suberate	26.47 H	1.30	0.00	1.7
					Isocitrate	26.27 H	84.00	39.00	98.0
-			1	1	Glucarate	26.19 H	4.80	0.00	6.3

Female / Age: 60

The % Status is the weighted deviation of the laboratory result relative to the range.

-100	-50	0	50	100		% Status	Result	Low	High
					1-Methylhistidine	5.77	29.00	0.00	52.00
1	1		1	1	3-Methylhistidine	22.00	7.20	0.00	10.00
1	I.		I.	I	a-Aminoadipic Acid	-25.00 L	0.50	0.00	2.00
i i	L		1	I.	a-Amino-N-Butyric Acid	1.28	20.00	0.00	39.00
ļ	'		I	I	Alanine	-25.61 L	340.00	230.00	681.00
					Anserine	3.49	23.00	0.00	43.00
					Arginine	-39.81 L	40.00	29.00	137.00
I			I.	I.	Asparagine	-44.92 L	34.00	31.00	90.00
I			I.	I.	Aspartic Acid	-52.00 L	2.80	3.00	13.00
1	1		I.	T	Carnosine	5.00	3.30	0.00	6.00
			,	I	Citrulline	-26.92 L	27.00	18.00	57.00
					Cystine	-27.04 L	7.20	1.00	28.00
1			1		Ethanolamine	-11.67	4.60	0.00	12.00
1	I		1	T	Glutamic Acid	-23.16	75.00	24.00	214.00
1	'		1	I	Glutamine	-44.64 L	399.00	372.00	876.00
			1	1	Glycine	-52.48 L	146.00	155.00	518.00
					Glycine/Serine Ratio	-6.86	2.15	1.50	3.00
			1		Histidine	-62.28 L	50.00	57.00	114.00
1	1		1	1	Homocystine	10.00	0.60	0.00	1.00
I	1		1	I	Hydroxylysine	10.00	0.60	0.00	1.00
	1		1		Hydroxyproline	-11.54	10.00	0.00	26.00
			1		Isoleucine	-34.06 L	46.00	35.00	104.00
I					Leucine	-34.43 L	93.00	74.00	196.00
1			1		Lysine	-32.83 L	154.00	120.00	318.00
1			1	1	Methionine	-44.12 L	154.00	14.00	48.00
I			1	I	Ornithine	-11.80	62.00	28.00	48.00
					Phenylalanine	-42.45 L			
I			1	1	Phosphoethanolamine	-42.45 L -30.00 L	46.00	42.00	95.00
			1		Phosphoserine	0.00 L	1.40	0.00	7.00
1					Phosphosenne Proline	-41.29 L	0.50	0.00	1.00
1			1	1			122.00	99.00	363.00
			+		Sarcosine	-23.50	5.30	0.00	20.00
			1	1	Serine	-42.86 L	68.00	60.00	172.00
1			1	I	Taurine	-9.81	72.00	29.00	136.00
1					Threonine	-50.70 L	72.00	73.00	216.00
	· ·				Tryptophan	-5.77	54.00	31.00	83.00
			· · ·		Tyrosine	-36.11 L	48.00	38.00	110.00
I			1	I	Valine	-27.23 L	197.00	146.00	370.00
	-25	% 2	5%		Total Status Deviation	26.44			
					Total Status Skew	-23.33			

Female / Age: 60

The % Status is the weighted deviation of the laboratory result relative to the range.

-100	-50	0	50	100		% Status	Result	Low	High
1			1		11-Eicosenoic 20:1n9	7.89	7.90	4.60	10.30
i			I	i.	Alpha Linolenic 18:3n3	-38.33	L 27.00	20.00	80.00
T	I.		1	1	Arachidic 20:0	-8.82	2.20	1.50	3.20
1	I.		I.	1	Arachidonic 20:4n6	-4.00	316.00	201.00	451.00
I	I		I	I	Behenic 22:0	-8.33	1.30	0.80	2.00
					Capric 10:0	-50.00	L 1.40	1.40	4.00
1	1			1	Dihomo-y Lino 20:3n6	27.94	H 87.00	34.00	102.00
I.	1		I.	1	Docosadienoic 22:2n6	-24.44	0.23	0.00	0.90
i.	i.		I.	1	Docosahexaenoic 22:6n3	56.49	H 223.00	59.00	213.00
I	I		I	I	Docosapenta 22:5 w3	-23.53	25.00	16.00	50.00
			1		Docosatetraenoic 22:4n6	-40.10	L 4.70	3.70	13.80
i			1		Eicosadienoic 20:2n6	-45.51	L 6.80	6.40	15.30
1	I.		I.	1	Eicosapentaenoic 20:5n3	14.77	142.00	17.00	210.00
1	l.		I.	1	Gamma Linolenic 18:3n6	-15.38	16.00	7.00	33.00
I	I		I	I	Heneicosanoic 21:0	26.00	H 0.38	0.00	0.50
					Heptadecanoic 17:0	34.46	H 16.30	0.00	19.30
i			1		Hexacosanoic 26:0	25.00	H 0.27	0.00	0.36
I.	1		I.	1	Lauric 12:0	-32.14	L 5.30	3.30	14.50
1	1		I.	1	Lignoceric 24:0	-45.12	L 0.88	0.84	1.66
I	I		I	I	Linoleic 18:2n6	-12.79	1205.00	930.00	1669.00
					Mead 20:3n9	0.94	2.70	0.00	5.30
i			1		Myristic Acid 14:0	-8.21	48.00	20.00	87.00
I.	1		I.	1	Myristoleic 14:1 n5	-31.63	L 2.10	1.20	6.10
1	I.		I.	1	Nervonic 24:1n9	4.55	1.70	1.10	2.20
I	I			I.	Nonadecanoic 19:0	49.33	H 1.49	0.00	1.50
					Oleic 18:1 n9	-5.18	836.00	555.00	1182.00
i					Palmitelaidic 16:1n7t	50.00	H 0.40	0.00	0.40
1	I		1	1	Palmitic 16:0	-6.29	1230.00	792.00	1794.00
I	I.		I	I.	Palmitoleic 16:1n7	-11.74	84.00	40.00	155.00
I	I		I	I	Pentadecanoic 15:0	28.62		0.00	14.50
					Stearic 18:0		H 474.00	294.00	511.00
					Tricosanoic 23:0	35.48		0.00	0.62
1			1		Vaccenic 18:1n7	21.11	80.00	48.00	93.00
	-25	5% 25	%		Total Status Deviation	25.06			
	_0				Total Status Skew	0.12			

Female / Age: 60

The % Status is the weighted deviation of the laboratory result relative to the range.

-100	-50	0		50	100		% Status		Result	Low	High
						2-Methylhippurate	9.52		0.05	0.00	0.08
1	1					5-Hydroxyindoleacetate	401.43	Н	17.90	2.10	5.60
I	1			1	1	8-Hydroxy-2-deoxyguan	27.36	Н	4.10	0.00	5.30
I.	I			1	I.	Adipate	-5.77		2.30	0.00	5.20
I	I				I	a-Hydroxybutyrate	50.00	Н	0.30	0.00	0.30
1					I	a-Keto-b-methylvalerate	-7.89		0.16	0.00	0.38
						a-Ketoglutarate	-48.74	L	0.24	0.00	19.00
	1					a-Ketoisocaproate	-5.88		0.15	0.00	0.34
1	I			1	1	a-Ketoisovalerate	10.00		0.15	0.00	0.25
1	I			1	I	Benzoate	45.00	н	0.57	0.00	0.60
1					I	b-Hydroxybutyrate	-6.67	••	0.91	0.00	2.10
						b-Hydroxyisovalerate	9.21		4.50	0.00	7.60
	1					cis-Aconitate	10.61		38.00	18.00	51.00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		_		1	Citrate	46.70	Ц			
I	I				1	D-Arabinitol	288.89		583.00	56.00	601.00
1	' 			1		D-Arabinitor D-Lactate	-32.61		122.00	0.00	36.00
				1				L	0.40	0.00	2.30
1	I			1	I	Ethylmalonate	22.22		2.60	0.00	3.60
	1			1		Formiminoglutamic Acid	125.00		2.10	0.00	1.20
				·		Fumarate	27.97		0.46	0.00	0.59
						Glucarate	26.19		4.80	0.00	6.30
						Hippurate	142.59	н	1144.00	0.00	594.00
1				1	1	Homovanillate	-23.81		3.20	2.10	6.30
1	1			1	I	Hydroxymethylglutarate	41.67		3.30	0.00	3.60
1	1			1.00	1	Indican	85.00	Η	54.00	0.00	40.00
						Isocitrate	26.27	Н	84.00	39.00	98.00
						Kynurenate	-2.63		0.90	0.00	1.90
	1				1	Lactate	0.00		8.50	3.00	14.00
I	I			1.00	I	Malate	71.43		1.70	0.00	1.40
T	I			1	1	Methylmalonate	26.47	Н	1.30	0.00	1.70
1	1			1	1	Orotate	296.38	Н	2.39	0.00	0.69
						Phenylacetate	250.00	Н	0.12	0.00	0.04
						Phenylpropionate	-36.25	L	0.05	0.00	0.40
1	1			1	I.	p-Hydroxybenzoate	0.51		0.50	0.00	0.99
1	I			1	I.	P-Hydroxyphenylacetate	-7.89		8.00	0.00	19.00
I	I.			T	T	p-Hydroxyphenyllactate	-19.62		0.24	0.00	0.79
I	1			1	I	Pyroglutamate	44.92	Н	56.00	0.00	59.00
						Pyruvate	-20.77	-	1.14	0.00	3.90
1				· · ·		Quinolinate	42.50	н	3.70	0.00	4.00
1	1			1	1	Suberate	26.47		1.30	0.00	1.70
1	i.			1	1	Succinate	180.17		26.70	0.00	11.60
1	1			1	1	Sulfate	58.64		2467.00	958.00	2347.00
		<mark>_</mark>		1		Tricarballylate	2.05		0.38	0.00	0.73
						Vanilmandelate	-40.48	1	2.00	1.80	3.90
				1	1	Xanthurenate	-5.32	-	0.21	0.00	0.47
		0/	05%			Total Status Deviation	196.69		0.21	0.00	0.47
	-25	%	25%								
						Total Status Skew	182.88				

Nutritional Support

The following supplements may help to balance your biochemistry.	Consult your practitioner.
□ 1-5-HTP 3x daily 100 mg	1-Antioxidant Complex See Nutrition Detail
1-CAC Entry Protocol See Nutrition Detail	 1-CoEnzyme Q10 2x daily 100 mg
☐ 1-Folic Acid 2x daily 800 mcg	 1-Vitamin B12 2x daily 1000 mcg
1-Yeast Reduction Protocol See Nutrition Detail	2-Blood Sugar Protocol #2 See Nutrition-Detail

Foods to AVOID

The following foods may aggravate already out-of-balance biochemistry.

Green Tea

Results Missing From Test

A more comprehensive report would have been generated if the following results were provided.

Erucic 22:1n9

Out-Of-Balance Panel Values

The following panels have a PSD of greater than 25% indicating need for further review. PSD is the Panel Status Deviation, or the average imbalance of that subset of results. The PSS is the Panel Status Skew, or the direction, negative (deficiency) or positive (excess), of that subset of results.

Panel Name	PSD	PSS
CAC Cycle Ratios	979.45%	971.44%
Neurotransmitters	102.17%	75.40%
Intestinal Dysbiosis	89.37%	67.25%
Liver Detox Indicators	80.94%	80.94%
Energy Production	56.69%	44.51%
Detoxification Markers	38.35%	-38.35%
Essential Amino Acid	37.37%	-37.37%
Immune Metabolites	36.74%	-36.74%
Urea Cycle Metabolites	36.68%	-36.68%
Gluconeogen	35.48%	-35.48%
Neuroendocrine Metab	35.32%	-35.32%
Ammonia/Energy	33.94%	-33.74%
Fat Metabolism	30.50%	-30.50%
CNS Metabolism	28.90%	-28.90%
Connective Tissue	27.20%	-19.20%
B-Complex Markers	27.11%	21.65%
Hepatic Metabolism	26.87%	-23.54%

Lab Reported out-of-range Values

The following results are out-of-range (as reported by the lab), and should be carefully reviewed.

CA Cycle Phase 3 (4325.00%)

A high result may be indicative of the lack B-complex nutrients and/or an array of amino acids especially aspartic acid. Supplementing a balanced amino acid blend with a B-complex may help bring a surge of energy. This phase of the citric acid cycle is the movement from Isocitrate to a-ketoglutarate.

CA Cycle Phase 4 (2731.25%)

This phase of the citric acid cycle goes from a-ketoglutarate to succinate through Succinyl-CoA. A high result may be indicative of a deficiency of Coenzyme Q10 and/or riboflavin.

5-Hydroxyindoleacetate (401.43%)

An elevation of this metabolite of the breakdown of serotonin may be due to the use of serotonin-specific re-uptake inhibitor (SSRI) drugs or the release of serotonin from the central nervous system, intestinal argentaffin cells or platelets.

Drugs which may have an adverse affect:

Acetaminophen, Prozac, Reserpine

CA Cycle Entry (376.17%)

A high result for the marker respresenting the entry into the citric acid may indicate carbohydrate metabolism impairment especially if pyruvate and/or lactate are elevated. Possibilities causing this particular blockade include mercury, arsenic or petrochemical exposure.

Orotate (296.38%)

An elevated reading of this organic acid may be due to an arginine deficiency, ammonia intoxication, and by excessive lysine intake as well as an intracellular magnesium deficiency. Arginine, aspartic acid, alpha ketoglutarate, and magnesium may be helpful.

D-Arabinitol (288.89%)

D-Arabinitol is a sensitive marker for the presence of yeast in the small intestine. An elevated reading is indicative of an ongoing yeast infection.

Phenylacetate (250.00%)

A high reading of this organic acid may be indicative of an overgrowth of intestinal microbiota or protozoa. The presence of this acid may be due to the action of bacteria on phenylalanine and should not appear in anything more than background amounts.

Oxidative Damage (239.33%)

A high reading of this ratio is indicative of excessive oxidative damage and the use of anti-oxidants is highly recommended.

CA Cycle Phase 6 (196.38%)

The last phase of the citric acid cycle, this stage marks the conversion of Fumarate into Malate. When the ratio is low, this may signify that the body is not refilling its losses along the entire cycle. Supplementing with a broad spectrum amino acid along with niacin may help restore balance.

Succinate (180.17%)

A high reading of this organic acid may be indicative of poor amino acid metabolism and could indicate a need for additional magnesium, riboflavin and Coenzyme Q10. It is also suggestive of mitochondrial dysfunction leading to symptoms of fatigue and possibly myocardial and/or neurological degeneration.

Drugs which may have an adverse affect:

Lithium Carbonate

Hippurate (142.59%)

A high reading of this organic acid may be indicative of an overgrowth of intestinal microbiota due to the action of bacteria on phenylalanine, elevated levels of environmental toxins (typically solvents) or elevated ingestion of benzoic acid.

Drugs which may have an adverse affect:

Aspirin

Formiminoglutamic Acid (125.00%)

A high reading of this organic acid is suggestive of a folic acid deficiency. FIGLU is a compound derived from histidine and an insufficiency of folic acid leads to a high result.

Drugs which may have an adverse affect:

Ampicillin, Aspirin, Colchicine

Foods which may have an adverse affect:

Green Tea

CA Cycle Phase 1 (103.42%)

This is the first phase of the citric acid cycle moving from Citrate to cis-Aconitate. A high reading may indicate a disruption in the efficiency of energy production. It can also be due to a problem clearing ammonia due to an arginase enzyme deficiency.

Indican (85.00%)

High readings of this organic acid are consistent with upper bowel dysbiosis. Impaired amino acid absorption may also cause elevations in indican.

Malate (71.43%)

A high level of this organic acid may be indicative of a need for certain nutrients such as niacin and Coenzyme Q10. If citrate, fumarate, and a-ketoglutarate are high as well, it may be due to a cytochrome C oxidase deficiency. Elevations of malate are also seen in individuals with Syndrome X. Tartaric acid has also been implicated, although theoretically, to block malate within the citric acid cycle.

Drugs which may have an adverse affect:

Lithium Carbonate

CA Cycle Phase 5 (66.09%)

This phase of the citric acid cycle is the reaction caused by removing electrons from Succinate to form Fumarate. Co-Q10 deficiency may be responsible for an elevated ratio.

Histidine (-62.28%)

Histidine is an essential amino acid in infants (not adults) important as a mild anti-inflammatory, especially in cases of rheumatoid arthritis. A low result may be indicative of poor protein absorption or low dietary intake. Histidine is commonly low in patients with rheumatoid arthritis.

Drugs which may have an adverse affect: Salicylates

Sulfate (58.64%)

High levels of sulfate in the urine may be indicative of a number of problems related to glutathione use and depletion. If urinary pyroglutamate and a-hydroxybutyrate are also elevated, this indicates an early stage of glutathione depletion as is suggests that the system is increasing the flow of sulfur compounds into the liver to meet a growing need for the antioxidant tri-peptide. If those two markers are not elevated, suspect a high intake of sulfur bearing foods or amino acids such as NAC (N-Acetyl-Cysteine), methionine or taurine.

Docosahexaenoic 22:6n3 (56.49%)

Docosahexaenoic acid is important in the growth and development of the central nervous system. Considered a very long chain, highly unsaturated fatty acid along with docosapentaenoic acid, deficiencies are seen in ADHD, poor visual development and other elements of brain function. Excesses are rare but may be due to supplementation.

Glycine (-52.48%)

Glycine plays an important role in the body's ability to detoxify itself as well as in wound healing. It is also important in the creation of nucleic acids and bile acids. This amino acid is non-essential as it can be synthesized from serine and threonine. A low result may be indicative of poor nitrogen retention or a low intake of quality proteins.

Aspartic Acid (-52.00%)

Aspartic acid is a non-essential amino acid made from glutamate utilizing vitamin B6 in this conversion. It is involved in the urea and Krebs cycle (ammonia metabolism and carbohydrate metabolism). An excitatory amino acid, aspartic acid has been studied for the treatment of unipolar depression. This reading may be indicative of the inability to detoxify, especially ammonia. Fatigue may result from low levels.

Threonine (-50.70%)

Threonine is an essential amino acid which the body breaks down to form glycine, serine and glucose. Research has been done on the positive impact of threonine on the immune system and in depression. A low result may be indicative of hypoglycemia if glycine and serine are also low.Low levels may be due to maldigestion or insufficient dietary protein intake. Meats, poultry, fish, some nuts and peanuts as well as cheese are good sources of threonine.

Capric 10:0 (-50.00%)

A pattern of low levels of the shorter chain fatty acids and high levels of longer chain fatty acids may indicate a fatty acid restricted diet in which case there is a stimulation of hepatic synthesis and elongation enzymes.

a-Hydroxybutyrate (50.00%)

Elevations of this organic acid are seen in poor carbohydrate metabolism as well as in elevated glutathione synthesis possibly due to toxicity, intestinal dysbiosis, drug interactions such as acetaminophen, and any disease that increases glutathione demands. Review pyroglutamate and sulfate levels to determine the stage of glutathione depletion.

Palmitelaidic 16:1n7t (50.00%)

Known as a trans-fatty acid, this bad fat is found in hydrogenated foods such as margarine and many baked goods. Research has suggested that excessive intake of these fatty acids may increase the risk of coronary heart disease.

Ammonia/Energy

Arginine[L], Threonine[L], Glycine[L], Serine[L], a-Aminoadipic Acid[L], Asparagine[L], Aspartic Acid[L], Citrulline[L], Glutamic Acid, Glut.

Ammonia influences a cell's ability to create energy. This panel shows your body's ability to rid excess ammonia buildup and maintain a healthy energy cycle. A profile like this may show you're not eating enough protein, you're unable to digest properly, or you're eating a poor quality of proteins.

CNS Metabolism

Arginine[L], Tryptophan, Glycine[L], Serine[L], Taurine, Aspartic Acid[L], Glutamine[L], Ethanolamine, Phosphoethanolamine[L], Phosphoserine.

Amino acids are the basic building blocks of all the cells in our body. Amino acid metabolism is important for proper functioning of the nervous system. This profile may indicate poor central nervous system functioning. Symptoms include: memory loss, fatigue and poor concentration.

Connective Tissue

Leucine[L], Methionine[L], Valine[L], Cystine[L], Hydroxylysine, Hydroxyproline, 3-Methylhistidine, Proline[L].

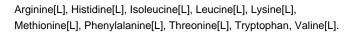
This panel shows whether there's an adequate supply and metabolism of amino acids necessary to produce healthy connective tissue and collagen. Necessary for healthy bone, joints, hair, skin, and cartilage. This profile may indicate poor collagen and other tissue production. Symptoms include: brittle hair, dry skin, increased joint aches and pain.

Detoxification Markers

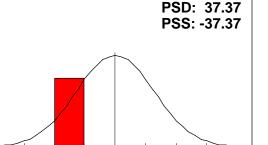
Methionine[L], Cystine[L], Taurine, Glutamine[L], Glycine[L], Aspartic Acid[L].

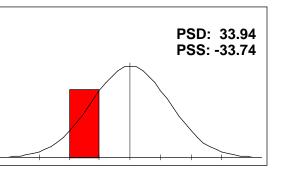
This panel reviews amino acids critical for proper detoxification. This includes detoxing medications, environmental toxins, and natural metabolic toxins. This profile may be indiciative of an inability to properly detoxify. Personalized supplementation is suggested.

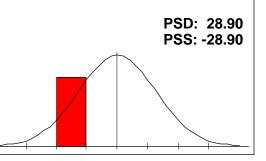


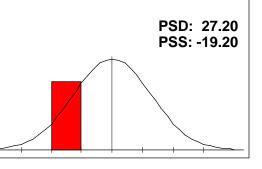


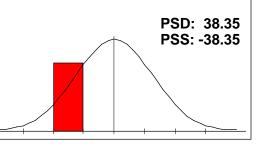
This panel reviews the essential amino acids the body can't produce and must get from the diet. These amino acids are necessary for all body functions. This profile may indicate the body is somehow not getting enough essential amino acids. Possible causes: stressful lifestyle, environmental stress, and diet require higher amounts of essential amino acids to function at optimal health.







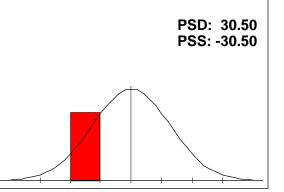




Fat Metabolism

Arginine[L], Isoleucine[L], Leucine[L], Valine[L], Taurine, Glutamine[L], Sarcosine.

This panel shows your balance of amino acids critical to proper fat metabolism. Fat metabolism is important in many body functions. Improper metabolism can cause problems like hormonal issues and nerve disorders. This profile indicates you don't have enough aminos necessary to metabolize dietary fats such as cholesterol and triglycerides. This may put you at higher risk of heart disease, high cholesterol and other diseases. Consider digestive enzymes and broad spectrum amino acids.



PSD: 35.48

PSS: -35.48

<u>Gluconeogen</u>

Threonine[L], Tryptophan, Glycine[L], Serine[L], Alanine[L].

This panel shows whether you have the proper amino acids in balance to control blood sugar levels. This profile may indicate blood sugar control issues such as hypoglycemia or diabetes.

Hepatic Metabolism

Methionine[L], Taurine, Glutamine[L], Cystine[L], Homocystine, Alanine[L].

This panel shows whether you have adequate stores of the listed amino acids to optimize liver function. This is important because your liver is responsible for cleaning your blood of toxins. This profile may indicate you may not be consuming enough protein. Or that your liver is working so hard, it's using up these amino acids so quickly, it's outstripping your supply.

Immune Metabolites

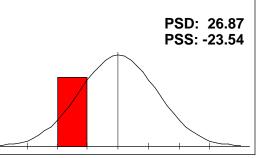
Arginine[L], Threonine[L], Glutamine[L], Ornithine.

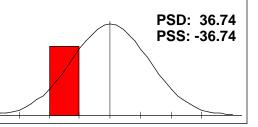
This panel shows whether you have adequate amounts of the listed amino acids to properly fight off viral or bacterial infections. This profile may indicate a weak immune function - makiing it difficult for you to fight off infections. This may be caused by a low dietary protein intake.

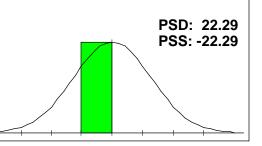
Magnesium Dependents

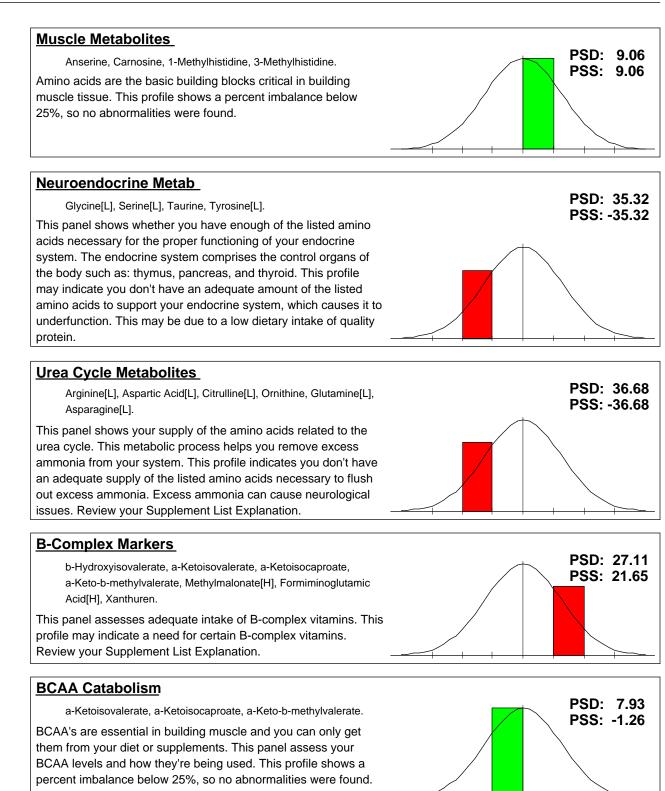
Citrulline[L], Ethanolamine, Phosphoethanolamine[L], Phosphoserine, Serine[L].

This panel shows whether you have adequate amounts of magnesium for proper amino acid function. Amino acids are extremely dependent on magnesium to function properly. This profile shows a percent imbalance below 25%, so no abnormalities were found.









CAC Cycle Ratios

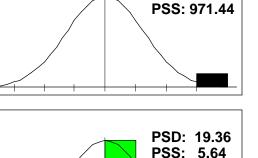
CA Cycle Entry[H], CA Cycle Phase 1[H], CA Cycle Phase 2, CA Cycle Phase 3[H], CA Cycle Phase 4[H], CA Cycle Phase 5[H], CA Cycle Phase 6[H].

This panel reviews cellular energy producing cycles to maintain health and weight. This profile may indicate a heavy toxin load. Consider running additional environmental toxicity tests.

Carbohydrate Metabolism

Lactate, Pyruvate, a-Hydroxybutyrate[H], b-Hydroxybutyrate.

This panel assesses your body's ability to metabolize dietary carbohydrates. This profile shows a percent imbalance below 25%, so no abnormalities were found.

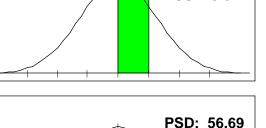


PSD: 979.45

PSS: 44.51

PSD: 89.37

PSS: 67.25



Energy Production

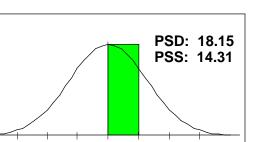
Citrate[H], cis-Aconitate, Isocitrate[H], a-Ketoglutarate[L], Succinate[H], Fumarate[H], Malate[H], Hydroxymethylglutarate[H].

This panel reviews cellular energy producing cycles to maintain health and weight. This profile may indicate a breakdown in the Citric Acid Cycle. Review your Supplement List Explanation.

Fatty Acid Metabolism

Adipate, Suberate[H], Ethylmalonate.

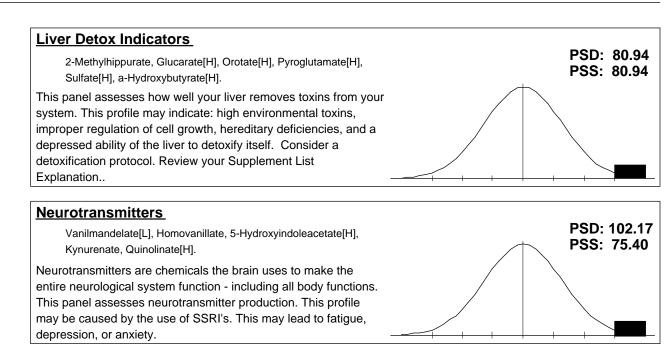
This panel assesses how fats are being broken down and utilized by the body. This profile shows a percent imbalance below 25%, so no abnormalities were found.



Intestinal Dysbiosis

p-Hydroxyphenyllactate, Phenylacetate[H], Phenylpropionate[L], Tricarballylate, Indican[H], p-Hydroxybenzoate, D-Lactate[L], D-Arabinitol[H].

Disbyosis is an overgrowth of bad bacteria in the gut. It is indicative of gut health. This profile suggest you may have overgrowths of bad bacteria in the gut. Review Clostridum panel. Consider running a stool analysis to confirm.



Anna

Female / Age: 60

Drugs listed below tend to further aggravate elements of blood chemistry that are out of range (H or L). The (#) after each drug denotes the number of times that drug is flagged as being potentially harmful.

Acetaminophen(2) Colchicine(2) Methotrexate Salicylates Ampicillin Imipramine Methyldopa Aspirin(2) Lithium Carbonate(4) Prozac Clonidine MAO Inhibitors Reserpine(2)

Nutrition - Detail Plasma Amino, Plasma Fatty Acid, Organics Date: 12/26/2012

Anna

(2718)

Nutritional and herbal information contained in this report is based upon research related to imbalances in your chemistry. The recommendations are based upon the information provided, without interpretation. This must be done with the help of your qualified health care professional.

		Patianala	
1-5-HTP 3x daily 100 mg 5-Hydroxytryptophan is indicated due to the high level of 5-HIAA in urine which suggests serotonin catabolism and a possible loss of tryptophan reserves.	<u>Decreased</u>	<u>Rationale</u> <u>Normal</u>	Increased 5-Hydroxyindoleacetate
 1-Antioxidant Complex See Nutrition Detail When certain oxidative test markers appear, the following protocol can be followed: a Broad Spectrum Antioxidant which should include CoEnzyme Q10 (2 times daily, Vitamins A and E as well as Selenium (2 times daily) and Vitamin C (1000 mg 2 times daily). Witamin E should only be consumed with the advice of a physician if currently taking Coumadin or other blood thinning medications. COENZYME Q10 An important antioxidant and esssential component of mitochondria, CoQ10 can be depleted if on cholesterol lowering drugs. VITAMIN A/MIXED-CAROTENES Vitamin A is involved in the growth and repair of tissue and helps maintain healthy skin. It is essential in the maintenance of eyesight, building of bones, teeth and blood. It also enhances production of RNA. VITAMIN E Vitamin E is a major antioxidant, enhances lymphocyte production, maintains cellular integrity, and aids in the biosynthesis of heme proteins SELENIUM (Se) Cofactor in glutathione peroxidase, in detoxification of peroxides, free radicals and thyroid hormone deionases. VITAMIN C Water-soluble vitamin essential for the synthesis and maintenance of collagen as well as body tissue cells, cartilage, bones, teeth, skin and tendons. Helps protect the immune system. Also improves iron and calcium absorption as well as trace mineral utilization. 	Decreased	<u>Normal</u>	Increased Oxidative Damage
 1-CAC Entry Protocol See Nutrition Detail When the entry point to the citric acid cycle is blocked, the ability to utilize carbohydrates to produce energy is impaired. The following protocol may be helpful in bringing down this ratio. B-Complex - 2x daily Amino Acid Complex - 5 grams 2x daily CoEnzyme Q10 - 50 mg 2x daily Alpha Lipoic Acid - 200 mg 2x daily Vitamin C - 1000 mg 2x daily For children between 6-18 B-Complex - 1x daily CoEnzyme Q10 - 25 mg daily Vitamin C - 500 mg daily Amino Acid Complex - 5 grams daily For children under the age of 6: Amino Acid Complex with co-factors - 1/8 tsp 2x daily Vitamin C - 125 mg 2x daily CoEnzyme Q10 - 12.5 mg daily For children between the ages of 6 and 18 use 1/2 the adult dose. 	<u>Decreased</u>	<u>Normal</u>	Increased CA Cycle Entry
1-CoEnzyme Q10 2x daily 100 mg CoEnzyme Q10 is an essential component of the mitochondria of the	Decreased	<u>Normal</u>	Increased

CoEnzyme Q10 is an essential component of the mitochondria of the energy producing unit of the cell. Its beneficial effects include increased energy, as well as prevention of cardiovascular disease and cancer. Clinical responses may take up to 8 weeks according to some research so patience is necessary during supplementation. Increased Succinate Malate

Anna

1/8/2013 11:46 am Page 18

(2718)

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done with the help of your qualified health care professional			
1-Folic Acid 2x daily 800 mcg Adult: 800 mcg 2x daily Children 800 mcg 1x daily A folic acid deficiency may lead to a buildup of this organic acid which is created through the metabolism of histidine.	<u>Decreased</u>	<u>Rationale</u> Normal	Increased Formiminoglutamic Acid
1-Vitamin B12 2x daily 1000 mcg The only vitamin containing essential mineral elements, B12 is important in metabolism of nerve tissue, protein, fat and carbohydrate metabolism and the actions of a number of amino acids. It also is involved in the production of DNA and RNA. The organic acid Methymalonate when high, is a good indicator of a B12 deficiency.	<u>Decreased</u>	<u>Normal</u>	Increased Methylmalonate
1-Yeast Reduction Protocol See Nutrition Detail Because of the relative increase in the marker for yeast and fungi D-Arabinitol, it may be helpful to begin a yeast reduction protocol. Avoiding refined carbohydrates such as sugar, alcohol and other yeast-containing products is recommended. The introduction of probiotics such as Lactobacilli should also be started. Probiotics - 3 times daily if D-Lactate is normal or low Olive leaf extract - 2 times daily Grapefruit seed extract - 2 times daily	<u>Decreased</u>	<u>Normal</u>	Increased D-Arabinitol
 2-Blood Sugar Protocol #2 See Nutrition-Detail When certain blood sugar and lipid markers are abnormal, the following protocol is recommended: Zinc (25-30 mg 1 time daily), Magnesium (400 mg 1 time daily), Broad Spectrum Fatty Acids (1 time daily), B-Complex (1 time daily) and Trace Mineral Complex (1 time daily), B-Complex (1 time daily) and Trace Mineral Complex (1 time daily). ZINC (Zn) Active in the structure and function of biomembranes. Involved in more than 200 key enzymes including carbohydrate metabolism, connective tissue metabolism, T-cell function and prostaglandin secretion. MAGNESIUM (Mg) Second most abundant cation in intracellular fluid. It is involved in vasodilation, contraction, as well as cardiac and skeletal muscle cells. Required in over 300 enzymes, temperature control, neuronal homeostasis and has a profound effect on cardiac physiology. BROAD SPECTRUM FATTY ACID Broad spectrum fatty acids, high in Omega-3, -6 and -9 have shown a potential ability to improve immune function. B-COMPLEX VITAMINS B complex vitamins are involved in a broad spectrum of cell metabolic deficiencies as well as fatty acid utilization. TACE MINERALS Tace minerals are critical in almost all enzymatic reactions. A proper blance is crucial in the proper utilization of vitamins, fats and carbohydrates. Important as a part of any targeted fatty acid upplementation protocol along with electrolytes and a B-vitamin complex. 	Decreased Isoleucine Threonine Alanine	<u>Normal</u>	Increased

Female / Age: 60

Anna Female / Age: 60

Anna (2718)

This report "MATCHES" clinical observations with the lab test. Elements shown, normal and abnormal, tend to characterize the observation. Highlighted elements are those reported to "MATCH" the characteristics of the clinical observation. Others are NOT matches but are elements in the observation.

Depression (311.00)		75.00% (3 of 4)
Decreased -44.12 Methionine -42.45 Phenylalanine -5.77 Tryptophan -36.11 Tyrosine	<u>Normal</u>	<u>Increased</u>
Inefficient Glutathione Pr	oduction ()	75.00% (3 of 4)
Decreased	<u>Normal</u>	<u>Increase</u> d
-27.04 Cystine		
-23.16 Glutamic Acid		
-52.48 Glycine		
-44.12 Methionine		
Mitochondrial Inefficienc	ies ()	66.67% (2 of 3)
Decreased	<u>Normal</u>	Increased
		26.27 Isocitrate
		46.70 Citrate
		10.61 cis-Aconitate
When this pattern shows	up suspect mitochondrial ineffien	cies which may be due to toxicity issues

When this pattern shows up, suspect mitochondrial ineffiencies which may be due to toxicity issues.

A "+" change is toward optimal % Status of zero. A "-" change is away from optimal % Status of zero.

Status % on:	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/- change
Hydroxyproline	65.38	Н	-11.54		+ 53.85
Glycine/Serine Ratio	45.43	Н	-6.86		+ 38.57
Leucine	0.82		-34.43	L	- 33.61
Arginine	-9.26		-39.81	L	- 30.56
Lysine	-2.53		-32.83	L	- 30.30
Methionine	-14.71		-44.12	L	- 29.41
Phenylalanine	-16.04		-42.45	L	- 26.42

Anna Female / Age: 60

The arrow's length is proportional to change. Left to right is increase. Right to left is decrease. Green is improvement. Red is decline.

	+/-	Status % on:	4/11/2012	12/26/2012	
5.77 🔶 13.46	+	1-Methylhistidine	13.46	5.77	
		3-Methylhistidine	19.00	22.00	
		a-Aminoadipic Acid	-25.00 L		L
1.28 🔷 8.97	+	a-Amino-N-Butyric Acid	8.97	1.28	
-25.61 6.3	32 -	Alanine	6.32	-25.61	L
3.49 🗲 24.	42 +	Anserine	24.42	3.49	
-39.81 -	9.26 -	Arginine	-9.26	-39.81	L
-44.92 🕶 -34.75	;	Asparagine	-34.75 L		L
		Aspartic Acid	-57.00 L		L
		Carnosine	-3.33	5.00	
		Citrulline	-21.79	-26.92	L
-27.04 -5.9	93 -	Cystine	-5.93	-27.04	L
		Ethanolamine	6.67	-11.67	
-32.63 -23.16	i +	Glutamic Acid	-32.63 L		
-44.64 🛑 28.5	57 -	Clatamino	28.57 F		L
-52.48 -33.	75 -	Glycine	-33.75 L		L
-6.86	45.43 +	Glycine/Serine Ratio	45.43 H		
-62.28 -37	72	Histidine	-37.72 L		L
		Homocystine	10.00	10.00	
		Hydroxylysine	10.00	10.00	
-11.54	65.38 +	Hydroxyproline	65.38 H	-	
-34.06 -19.5		Isoleucine	-19.57	-34.06	L
	0.82 -	Leucine	0.82	-34.43	L
	2.53 -	Lysine	-2.53	-32.83	L
-44.12 -1	4.71 -	Methionine	-14.71	-44.12	L
		Ornithine	-15.17	-11.80	
-42.45 -16	5.04 -	Phenylalanine	-16.04	-42.45	L
-30.00 -15.7	1 -	Phosphoethanolamine	-15.71	-30.00	L
		Phosphoserine	0.00	0.00	
-41.29 -23.4		Proline	-23.48	-41.29	L
-23.50 -1.	50 -	Sarcosine	-1.50	-23.50	
		Serine	-38.39 L		L
-9.81 🗲 24.7		Taurine	24.77	-9.81	
-50.70 🔶 -41.61		Threonine	-41.61 L		L
-5.77 🕶 13.46		Tryptophan	13.46	-5.77	
-36.11 -12		Tyrosine	-12.50	-36.11	L
-27.23 -14.7	3 -	Valine	-14.73	-27.23	L
		Total Status Deviation	20.39	26.44	
		Total Status Skew	-5.40	-23.33	

A "+" change is toward optimal % Status of zero. A "-" change is away from optimal % Status of zero.

4/11/2012		12/26/2012		1/ ohongo
		12/20/2012		+/- change
1633.33	Н	45.00	Н	+1588.33
1298.57	Н	401.43	Η	+ 897.14
975.64	Н	196.38	Н	+ 779.26
257.69	Н	66.09	Н	+ 191.61
128.04	Н	58.64	Н	+ 69.40
61.11	Н	0.51		+ 60.61
158.33	Н	125.00	Η	+ 33.33
59.52	Н	26.19	Η	+ 33.33
2033.33	Н	2731.25	Н	- 697.92
3804.17	Н	4325.00	Н	- 520.83
72.22	Н	288.89	Н	- 216.67
-1.35		142.59	Н	- 141.25
102.67	Н	239.33	Н	- 136.67
294.30	Н	376.17	Н	- 81.87
5.00		85.00	Н	- 80.00
122.41	Н	180.17	Н	- 57.76
241.30	Н	296.38	Н	- 55.07
225.00	Н	250.00	Н	- 25.00
	1298.57 975.64 257.69 128.04 61.11 158.33 59.52 2033.33 3804.17 72.22 -1.35 102.67 294.30 5.00 122.41 241.30	1298.57 H 975.64 H 257.69 H 128.04 H 61.11 H 158.33 H 59.52 H 2033.33 H 3804.17 H 72.22 H -1.35 102.67 H 294.30 H 5.00 122.41 H 241.30 H	1298.57 H 401.43 975.64 H 196.38 257.69 H 66.09 128.04 H 58.64 61.11 H 0.51 158.33 H 125.00 59.52 H 26.19 2033.33 H 2731.25 3804.17 H 4325.00 72.22 H 288.89 -1.35 142.59 102.67 H 239.33 294.30 H 376.17 5.00 85.00 122.41 H 180.17 241.30 H 296.38	1298.57 H 401.43 H 975.64 H 196.38 H 257.69 H 66.09 H 128.04 H 58.64 H 61.11 H 0.51 158.33 H 125.00 H 59.52 H 26.19 H 2033.33 H 2731.25 H 3804.17 H 4325.00 H 72.22 H 288.89 H -1.35 142.59 H 102.67 H 239.33 H 294.30 H 376.17 H 5.00 85.00 H 122.41 122.41 H 180.17 H 241.30 H 296.38 H

Anna

The arrow's length is proportional to change. Left to right is increase. Right to left is decrease. Green is improvement. Red is decline.

		+/-	Status % on:	4/11/2012	12/26/2012	
-23.81 📥	9.52	+	2-Methylhippurate	-23.81	9.52	
401.43	1298.57	+	5-Hydroxyindoleacetate	1298.57	H 401.43	H
-10.38	27.36	-	8-Hydroxy-2-deoxyguan	-10.38	27.36	H
			Adipate	5.77	-5.77	
			a-Hydroxybutyrate		H 50.00	H
			a-Keto-b-methylvalerate	-7.89	-7.89	
			a-Ketoglutarate	-48.74		L
-29.41	-5.88	+	a-Ketoisocaproate	-29.41		
			a-Ketoisovalerate	10.00	10.00	
45.00	1633.33	+		1633.33		H
			b-Hydroxybutyrate	-6.67	-6.67	
9.21	30.26	+	b-Hydroxyisovalerate		H 9.21	
-1.52 🗭	10.61	-	cis-Aconitate	-1.52	10.61	
26.15	46.70	-	Citrate	26.15		H
72.22	288.89	-	D-Arabinitol		H 288.89	H
			D-Lactate	-32.61	L -32.61	L
			Ethylmalonate		H 22.22	
125.00	158.33	+			H 125.00	H
			Fumarate	-27.97		H
26.19	59.52	+	Glucarate		H 26.19	H
-1.35	142.59	-	Hippurate	-1.35	142.59	H
-23.81	2.38	-	Homovanillate	2.38	-23.81	
33.33 🔶	41.67	-	Hydroxymethylglutarate		H 41.67	H
5.00	85.00	-	Indican	5.00	85.00	Н
9.32	26.27	-	Isocitrate	9.32	26.27	Н
-2.63	18.42	+	Kynurenate	18.42	-2.63	
			Lactate	5.45	0.00	
71.43	92.86	+	Malate		H 71.43	ŀ
14.71 💻	26.47	-	Methylmalonate	14.71	26.47	ŀ
241.30	296.38	-	Orotate		H 296.38	
225.00	➡ 250.00	-	Phenylacetate		H 250.00	ŀ
			Phenylpropionate	-36.25	L -36.25	L
0.51	61.11	+	p-Hydroxybenzoate		H 0.51	
			P-Hydroxyphenylacetate	-7.89	-7.89	
			p-Hydroxyphenyllactate	-25.95	L -19.62	
			Pyroglutamate		H 44.92	ŀ
	<u> </u>		Pyruvate	-20.77	-20.77	
-20.00	42.50	-	Quinolinate	-20.00	42.50	
14.71 🗭	26.47	-	Suberate	14.71	26.47	
122.41	180.17	-	Succinate	122.41		-
58.64	128.04	+	Sulfate	128.04		ŀ
-17.12	2.05	+	Tricarballylate	-17.12	2.05	
-54.76	-40.48	+	Vanilmandelate	-54.76		L
-5.32 🗲	18.09	+	Xanthurenate	18.09	-5.32	
			Total Status Deviation	226.56	196.69	
			Total Status Skew	208.52	182.88	

Ammonia/Energy	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-	
Arginine	-9.26		-39.81	L	-	-39.81 -9.26
Threonine	-41.61	L	-50.70	L	-	-50.70 4 -41.61
Glycine	-33.75	L	-52.48	L	-	-52.48 -33.75
Serine	-38.39	L	-42.86	L		
a-Aminoadipic Acid	-25.00	L	-25.00	L		
Asparagine	-34.75	L	-44.92	L	-	-44.92 🛑 -34.75
Aspartic Acid	-57.00	L	-52.00	L		
Citrulline	-21.79		-26.92	L		
Glutamic Acid	-32.63	L	-23.16		+	-32.63 -23.16
Glutamine	28.57	н	-44.64	L	-	-44.64 🛑 28.57
Ornithine	-15.17		-11.80			
a-Amino-N-Butyric Acid	8.97		1.28		+	1.28 4 8.97
Alanine	6.32		-25.61	L	-	-25.61 6.32
PSS / PSD	-20.42 / 27.2	17	-33.74 / 33.	94		

CNS Metabolism	4/11/2012	12/26/2012		+/-	
Arginine	-9.26	-39.81	L	-	-39.81 -9.26
Tryptophan	13.46	-5.77		+	-5.77 4 13.46
Glycine	-33.75	L -52.48	L	-	-52.48 -33.75
Serine	-38.39	L -42.86	L		
Taurine	24.77	-9.81		+	-9.81 💶 24.77
Aspartic Acid	-57.00	L -52.00	L		
Glutamine	28.57	Н -44.64	L	-	-44.64 🛑 28.57
Ethanolamine	6.67	-11.67			
Phosphoethanolamine	-15.71	-30.00	L	-	-30.00 -15.71
Phosphoserine	0.00	0.00			
PSS / P	SD -8.06 / 22.7	76 -28.90 / 28	3.90		

Connective Tissue	4/11/201	2 12	2/26/2012		+/-	
Leucine	0.8	2	-34.43	L	-	-34.43 0.82
Methionine	-14.7	1	-44.12	L	-	-44.12 -14.71
Valine	-14.7	3	-27.23	L	-	-27.23 -14.73
Cystine	-5.9	3	-27.04	L	-	-27.04 -5.93
Hydroxylysine	10.0	0	10.00			
Hydroxyproline	65.3	8 H	-11.54		+	-11.54 65.38
3-Methylhistidine	19.0	0	22.00			
Proline	-23.4	3	-41.29	L	-	-41.29 -23.48
PSS	6 / PSD 4.54 / 1	9.26	-19.20 / 27	.20		

Detoxification Markers	4/11/2012	12/26/2012	+/	_	
Methionine	-14.71	-44.12	L -		-44.12 -14.71
Cystine	-5.93	-27.04	L -		-27.04 -5.93
Taurine	24.77	-9.81	+		-9.81 🗲 24.77
Glutamine	28.57	Н -44.64	L -		-44.64 🛑 28.57
Glycine	-33.75	L -52.48	L -		-52.48 -33.75
Aspartic Acid	-57.00	L -52.00	L		
PSS / PSI) -9.67 / 27.4	45 -38.35 / 38	8.35		

Essential Amino Acid	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-	
Arginine	-9.26		-39.81	L	-	-39.81 -9.26
Histidine	-37.72	L	-62.28	L	-	-62.28 -37.72
Isoleucine	-19.57		-34.06	L	-	-34.06 -19.57
Leucine	0.82		-34.43	L	-	-34.43 0.82
Lysine	-2.53		-32.83	L	-	-32.83 -2.53
Methionine	-14.71		-44.12	L	-	-44.12 -14.71
Phenylalanine	-16.04		-42.45	L	-	-42.45 -16.04
Threonine	-41.61	L	-50.70	L	-	-50.70 🛑 -41.61
Tryptophan	13.46		-5.77		+	-5.77 4 13.46
Valine	-14.73		-27.23	L	-	-27.23 -14.73
PSS / F	PSD -14.19 / 17.	.04	-37.37 / 37	37		

Fat Metabolism	4	1/11/2012	12/	26/2012		+/-	
Arginine		-9.26		-39.81	L	-	-39.81 -9.26
Isoleucine		-19.57		-34.06	L	-	-34.06 -19.57
Leucine		0.82		-34.43	L	-	-34.43 0.82
Valine		-14.73		-27.23	L	-	-27.23 -14.73
Taurine		24.77		-9.81		+	-9.81 💶 24.77
Glutamine		28.57	н	-44.64	L	-	-44.64 🛑 28.57
Sarcosine		-1.50		-23.50		-	-23.50 -1.50
I	PSS / PSD	1.30 / 14	.17	-30.50 / 30	.50		

Gluconeogen		4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-	
Threonine		-41.61	L	-50.70	L	-	-50.70 年 -41.61
Tryptophan		13.46		-5.77		+	-5.77 4 13.46
Glycine		-33.75	L	-52.48	L	-	-52.48 -33.75
Serine		-38.39	L	-42.86	L		
Alanine		6.32		-25.61	L	-	-25.61 6.32
	PSS / PSD	-18.79 / 26	.71	-35.48 / 35	.48		

Hepatic Metabolism	4/11/2012	12/26/2012	+/-	
Methionine	-14.71	-44.12	L -	-44.12 -14.71
Taurine	24.77	-9.81	+	-9.81 🗲 24.77
Glutamine	28.57	Н -44.64	L -	-44.64 🛑 28.57
Cystine	-5.93	-27.04	L -	-27.04 -5.93
Homocystine	10.00	10.00		
Alanine	6.32	-25.61	L -	-25.61 6.32
PSS / F	PSD 8.17 / 15.	.05 -23.54 / 26	.87	

Immune Metabolites	4/11/2012	12/26/2012		+/-	
Arginine	-9.26	-39.81	L	-	-39.81 -9.26
Threonine	-41.61 L	-50.70	L	-	-50.70 年 -41.61
Glutamine	28.57 H	-44.64	L	-	-44.64 🛑 28.57
Ornithine	-15.17	-11.80			
PSS / PSI	- 9.37 / 23.65	-36.74 / 36	.74		

Magnesium Dependents	4/11/2012	12/26/2012	+/-	
Citrulline	-21.79	-26.92	L	
Ethanolamine	6.67	-11.67		
Phosphoethanolamine	-15.71	-30.00	L -	-30.00 -15.71
Phosphoserine	0.00	0.00		
Serine	-38.39 L	-42.86	L	
PSS / PSD	-13.85 / 16.51	-22.29 / 22.	29	

Muscle Metabolites	4/11/2012	12/26/2012	+/-	
Anserine	24.42	3.49	+	3.49 424.42
Carnosine	-3.33	5.00		
1-Methylhistidine	13.46	5.77	+	5.77 4 13.46
3-Methylhistidine	19.00	22.00		
PSS / P	SD 13.39 / 15.0	9.06 / 9.0	6	

Neuroendocrine Metab	4/11/2012	12/26/2012	+/-	-
Glycine	-33.75	L -52.48	L -	-52.48 -33.75
Serine	-38.39	L -42.86	L	
Taurine	24.77	-9.81	+	-9.81 🗲 24.77
Tyrosine	-12.50	-36.11	L -	-36.11 -12.50
PSS / PSD	-14.97 / 27.3	35 -35.32 / 35	5.32	

Urea Cycle Metabolites	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-	
Arginine	-9.26		-39.81	L	-	-39.81 -9.26
Aspartic Acid	-57.00	L	-52.00	L		
Citrulline	-21.79		-26.92	L		
Ornithine	-15.17		-11.80			
Glutamine	28.57	н	-44.64	L	-	-44.64 🛑 28.57
Asparagine	-34.75	L	-44.92	L	-	-44.92 🛑 -34.75
PSS / PSI) -18.23 / 27	.76	-36.68 / 36	68		

B-Complex Markers	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-	
b-Hydroxyisovalerate	30.26	Н	9.21		+	9.21 30.26
a-Ketoisovalerate	10.00		10.00			
a-Ketoisocaproate	-29.41	L	-5.88		+	-29.41 -5.88
a-Keto-b-methylvalerate	-7.89		-7.89			
Methylmalonate	14.71		26.47	н	-	14.71 26.47
Formiminoglutamic Acid	158.33	н	125.00	н	+	125.00 🗧 158.33
Xanthurenate	18.09		-5.32		+	-5.32 💶 18.09
PSS / PSI) 27.73/38	.38	21.65 / 27	.11		

BCAA Catabolism	4/11/2012	12/26/2012	+/-	
a-Ketoisovalerate	10.00	10.00		
a-Ketoisocaproate	-29.41	L -5.88	+	-29.41 -5.88
a-Keto-b-methylvalerate	-7.89	-7.89		
PSS / PSD	-9.10 / 15.7	77 -1.26 / 7	.93	

CAC Cycle Ratio)S	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-					
CA Cycle Entry		294.30	н	376.17	Н	-	294.	30			376.17
CA Cycle Phase 1		88.53	н	103.42	н	-			88.53 💻	103.42	
CA Cycle Phase 2		4.41		5.26							
CA Cycle Phase 3		3804.17	н	4325.00	н	-	3804.17				🔶 4325.00
CA Cycle Phase 4		2033.33	н	2731.25	н	-	2033.33				🟓 2731.25
CA Cycle Phase 5		257.69	н	66.09	н	+	66.09	\leftarrow			257.69
CA Cycle Phase 6		975.64	н	196.38	н	+	196.38	-			975.64
CA Cycle Return		-40.91	L	-32.06	L	+			-40.91 📫	-32.06	
	PSS / PSD	927.15 / 937	.37	971.44 / 979	.45						

Carbohydrate	Metabolism 4/ [,]	11/2012	12	2/26/2012		+/-
Lactate		5.45		0.00		
Pyruvate		-20.77		-20.77		
a-Hydroxybutyrate		50.00	н	50.00	н	
b-Hydroxybutyrate		-6.67		-6.67		
	PSS / PSD	7.00 / 20.	72	5.64 / 19.	36	

Energy Production	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-	
Citrate	26.15	Н	46.70	Н	-	26.15 46.70
cis-Aconitate	-1.52		10.61		-	-1.52 📫 10.61
Isocitrate	9.32		26.27	н	-	9.32 26.27
a-Ketoglutarate	-48.74	L	-48.74	L		
Succinate	122.41	н	180.17	н	-	122.41 180.17
Fumarate	-27.97	L	27.97	н		
Malate	92.86	н	71.43	н	+	71.43 92.86
Hydroxymethylglutarate	33.33	н	41.67	н	-	33.33 📫 41.67
PSS / PS	D 25.73 / 45	.29	44.51 / 56	.69		

Fatty Acid Metabolism	4/11/2012	12/26/2012	+/-	
Adipate	5.77	-5.77		
Suberate	14.71	26.47	н -	14.71 🗪 26.47
Ethylmalonate	27.78 H	22.22		
PSS / PSD	16.08 / 16.08	14.31 / 18.	.15	

Intestinal Dysbiosis	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-	
p-Hydroxyphenyllactate	-25.95	L	-19.62			
Phenylacetate	225.00	н	250.00	н	-	225.00 250.00
Phenylpropionate	-36.25	L	-36.25	L		
Tricarballylate	-17.12		2.05		+	-17.12 2.05
Indican	5.00		85.00	н	-	5.00 85.00
p-Hydroxybenzoate	61.11	н	0.51		+	0.51
D-Lactate	-32.61	L	-32.61	L		
D-Arabinitol	72.22	н	288.89	н	-	72.22 288.89
PSS / PS	D 31.43 / 59	.41	67.25 / 89	.37		

Liver Detox Indicators	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-	
2-Methylhippurate	-23.81		9.52		+	-23.81 9.52
Glucarate	59.52	н	26.19	н	+	26.19 59.52
Orotate	241.30	н	296.38	н	-	241.30 296.38
Pyroglutamate	39.83	н	44.92	н		
Sulfate	128.04	н	58.64	н	+	58.64 128.04
a-Hydroxybutyrate	50.00	н	50.00	н		
PSS / P	SD 82.48 / 90	.42	80.94 / 80	.94		

Neurotransmitters	4/11/2012		12/26/2012		+/-				
Vanilmandelate	-54.76	L	-40.48	L	+		-54.76 📥	-40.48	
Homovanillate	2.38		-23.81		-		-23.81	2.38	
5-Hydroxyindoleacetate	1298.57	н	401.43	н	+	401.43 🔙			1298.57
Kynurenate	18.42		-2.63		+		-2.63 🗲	18.42	
Quinolinate	-20.00		42.50	Н	-		-20.00	42.50	
PSS / PSD	248.92 / 278.	.83	75.40 / 102.	.17					

Village Pharmacy 898 Tanager Street Incline Village, NV 89451		Custom Amino Acid Profile Biochemically Individualized for your patient		
Tel: (775) 831-1133 Fax: (775) 831-2228	Ordering Practitioner Anna	Client Anna		
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Amino Acid Customization Details

Container Base G	irams	Test Result	% Status	Grams Added	
L-Arginine	19.50	40	-39.81	0	
L-Histidine	13.50	50	-62.28	6	
L-Isoleucine	13.50	46	-34.06	0	
L-Leucine	12.00	93	-34.43	0	
L-Lysine	12.00	154	-32.83	0	
L-Methionine	15.00	16	-44.12	0	
L-Phenylalanine	15.00	46	-42.45	0	
L-Taurine	8.10	72	-9.81	0	
L-Threonine	13.50	72	-50.70	3	
L-Tryptophan (as 5-HTP)	0.90	54	-5.77	0	
L-Valine	15.00	197	-27.23	0	
Total Base Grams: 1	38.00	т	otal Grams /	Added: 9	
Other Ingredients * Grams per Co	ntainer		Grams p	er Container	
Alanine	Tyrosine	э	0.36		
Alpha-Ketoglutarate 12.00		Magnes	ium	2.01	
Aspartic Acid 11.04		P5P (B6	6)	1.005	
Glycine		Folic Ac	id	0.67	
Glutamic Acid		Zinc		0.67	
Glutamine	. 7.50				
Proline	30.96		* Flavored product may include		
Serine	. 8.76	ad	ditional ingredi	ents not shown.	

Customization exclusively from Lab Interpretation's LabAssist[™] interpretive report, and KTS Products Synerplex Amino Acids.

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